# Pupil premium strategy statement 2020-2023



## This statement details our school’s use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

## It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year’s spending of pupil premium had within our school.

## School overview

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| Detail | Data |
| School name | Lakeside Primary Academy |
| Number of pupils in school  | 372 |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils | 32% |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers | 2020-23 |
| Date this statement was published | 03/12/21 (revised from 01/09/21 version) |
| Date on which it will be reviewed | 01/09/22 |
| Statement authorised by | James Bullock |
| Pupil premium lead | James Bullock |
| Governor / Trustee lead | Kate Hope |

**Funding overview**

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| **Detail** | **Amount** |
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year | £151,312 |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year | £16,313 |
| Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable) | £0 |
| **Total budget for this academic year**If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year | £167,625 |

# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

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## Statement of intent

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| At Lakeside Primary we aim to ensure that no child is left behind and that all pupils achieve to their full potential. We place learning and being ready to learn at the front of everything we do. All children should have the opportunity to succeed regardless of individual need or background. We make sure that our curriculum, pedagogy and learning meets the needs of every child. Our strategy identifies the barriers that many children face and has clearly defined objectives to break down these barriers. We use an evidence based approach to assess need or missed learning and have designed a curriculum that addresses this. Quality First teaching, targeted learning support, support for mental health, wellbeing and emotional skills training enable children to learn and to develop the social emotional skills and resilience to succeed in the pandemic era. |

## Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

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| Challenge number | Detail of challenge  |
| 1 | **Reading** – Many disadvantaged pupils are not fluent readers. They have difficulties with language acquisition, phonics, reading generally and access to the curriculum. They may not have access to a rich diet of book or libraries. |
| 2 | **Vocabulary and Oracy** – May have been further delayed by lockdowns for some pupils. |
| 3 | **Social and emotional needs** – Resilience and self-regulation has a significant impact on learning behaviours. Many pupils need support to develop and embed these skills. |
| 4 | **Attendance** – Attendance for disadvantaged pupils is lower than others. The rate for persistent absence is above national. |
| 5 | **Lost learning** – The pandemic has seriously disrupted life and learning. It has placed some families under greater strain than others. All lost learning and gaps in knowledge must be addressed by quality first teaching, cognitive science and embedded metacognition techniques in the classroom. |

## Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

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| Intended outcome | Success criteria |
| Improved attainment in Reading for disadvantaged pupils | Increased % of pupils in this group meeting the expected standard in all year groups. |
| Improved attainment in Writing for disadvantaged pupils | Increased % of pupils in this group meeting the expected standard in all year groups. |
| Improved attainment in Phonics for disadvantaged pupils | Number of children accessing RWI Phonics decreases over time.Improved outcomes for this group in Y1/2 Phonics screening checks. |
| Improved attainment in Mathematics for disadvantaged pupils | Increased % of pupils in this group meeting the expected standard in all year groups. |
| Improved attendance for disadvantaged pupils | Increased % attendance for this group. |
| Improved resilience and self-regulation for disadvantaged pupils | REST screening shows improvement in these areasChildren in this group can talk confidently about their learning. |

tivity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

### Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ *[insert amount]*

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| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
| Daily RWI Phonics sessions in all Year groups to develop oracy and early reading1:1 RWI intervention sessions for those pupils who require themFluency CPD for all staffReading Plus to support fluency and comprehensionNovel study approach with high quality planning in guided reading and English lessonsReading for Pleasure strategy – reading visibly promoted in all shared areas and classrooms, children have access to quality textsRegular diagnostic testing of readingCatch-up teacher to target pupils who are behind and create bespoke interventions, funded by the National Tutoring ProgrammeSEND support plans are rigorous and reviewed regularly to ensure targets meet needRegular training for support staff for all key teaching and learning strategiesWalkthrus CPD and strategies evident in lessonsWhite Rose Maths CPD delivered by WR tutor throughout the year | EEF Guide to the Pupil Premium – Autumn 2021EEF toolkit states phonics interventions have a +4 months impact on most vulnerable pupilsEEF Guidance Report Improving Literacy in KS1 states that effectively implementing a systematic phonic programme has ‘very extensive’ evidence to say that it will be effectiveEEF Impact of school closures on the attainment gap – June 2020: ‘School closures will widen the attainment gap between disadvantaged pupils and their peers. The median estimate is that the gap will widen by 36%. Sustained support will be needed to help disadvantaged pupils catch up’DfE Reading Framework, Teaching the Foundations of Literacy July 2021Walkthrus are research evidence based strategies for instructional coaching (Sherrington, Caviglioli)DfE non-statutory guidance for Maths KS1 and KS2 in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, draws on evidence based approaches | 1, 2, 5 |

**Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)**

Budgeted cost: £ *[insert amount]*

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
| Individual and small group tutor sessions with support tailored to closing gaps for individual pupils led by catch-up teacher, funded by the National Tutoring Programme1:1 RWI Phonics interventions for those below the expected standardDHT to monitor and assess all Phonics and early reading in EYFS, KS1 and KS2All pupils with SEND support plans will have personalised targets and interventions monitored by the SENDCO | EEF Guide to the Pupil Premium – Autumn 2021EEF toolkit states phonics interventions have a +4 months impact on most vulnerable pupilsEEF Guidance Report Improving Literacy in KS1 states that effectively implementing a systematic phonic programme has ‘very extensive’ evidence to say that it will be effectiveEEF Impact of school closures on the attainment gap – June 2020: ‘School closures will widen the attainment gap between disadvantaged pupils and their peers. The median estimate is that the gap will widen by 36%. Sustained support will be needed to help disadvantaged pupils catch up’DfE Reading Framework, Teaching the Foundations of Literacy July 2021 | 1, 2, 5 |

**Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)**

Budgeted cost: £ *[insert amount]*

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Activity | Evidence that supports this approach | Challenge number(s) addressed |
| Play Therapist to work in school for 1 day per weekAppointment of Inclusion/SEMH Lead to provide 1:1 SEMH interventionsCPD on restorative practice for all staff ongoing throughout the yearCommunity Hub to provide Solihull parenting programme, adult learning, ESOL and local stronger communities office and PCSO to be based there 1 day a week.Family Support Manager provided Early Help for families with complex needs and where pupils have persistent absence – Family Support plans in place. Monitored by SENDCO.The ZEST curriculum provides wider opportunities for pupils to develop essential life skills, resilience and emotional regulation.All pupils to have Forest School sessions with a trained practitionerSENDCo to use a raft of diagnostic tools to assess SEMH need whole class and individualThe curriculum provides inspirational learning opportunities including visits, visitors and is focussed around active learning.Wider opportunities – visits, visitors, after school clubs, residential visits, Hill House opportunities | EEF – Improving social and emotional learning in primary schools: ‘On average SEL interventions have an identifiable and valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school +4 months’.EEF - Metacognition and Self-regulated LearningEEF – Working with parents to support children’s learning: ‘there is an established link between the home learning environment in all ages and children’s performance at school. Working effectively with parents can be challenging and is likely to require sustained effort and support’A Curriculum of Hope, 2020: ‘Experience is an entitlement not just a reference to cultural capital’‘Forest School aims to provide the holistic development of all involved, fostering resilient, confident independent and creative learners’DfE – Improving school attendance | 3, 4 |
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**Total budgeted cost: £** *[insert sum of 3 amounts stated above]*

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

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## Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

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| Phonics outcomes had increase in the numbers of children meeting the expected standard in Y1 and Y2. Staff CPD for Phonics and Early Reading has led to higher standards and better outcomes.There are now significantly fewer pupils in KS2 accessing the RWI Phonics programme.Parents are very supportive of the SEND/SEMH/Family and community opportunitiesprovided by the school.There has been a decrease in dysregulation and learning behaviours have improved.Remote education using a blended approach of online lessons and paper resources/books was very popular with pupils and families who felt it supported learning but also well-being by keeping pupils and parents in close contact with school staff. Regular phone calls and home visits also provided welcome support.Persistent absence was significantly reduced to 12%. |

## Externally provided programmes

*Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England*

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| Programme | Provider |
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## Service pupil premium funding (optional)

*For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:*

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| --- | --- |
| Measure | Details  |
| How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year? |  |
| What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils? |  |

# Further information (optional)

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