Magnificent Monarchs

Six Significant Sovereigns

Alfred the Great was a wise and brave king. He converted his Viking enemy vaded England to Christianity, and they became friends. He united Harold II at the English kingdoms. He valued education and created schools to teach

William the Conqueror inand defeated the Battle of Hastings. He had absolute power. He created the feudal system and built many castles to protect his kingdom.

Henry VIII was famous for marrying six times and creating the Church of England. He was also power hungry. He closed the monasteries, strengthened the Royal Navy and made laws without parliament.

Complete control over someone abso lute or something especially of a monarch or government over power their people. The years after Jesus Christ was AD-anno Domini A hierarchy where people are feudal put into different groups based system on their class and roles. A group of people who control governa country and make laws or imment portant decisions. The public representative of a head of country, such as a president or state m.a n.a.r c.h.. The order of people or things from most important to least hierarchy important. A king or queen who rules a monarch. kingdom. The period of time that a king reign or queen rules over a country. A king or queen. sovereign Spanish A fleet of Spanish ships that tried to invade England Armada

Vocabulary

Elizabeth I was intelligent, brave and loved by spoke many languages and supported the

his people.

Arts. She never married and proved that a woman married to could rule a kingdom alone. She supported explorers and defeated the Spanish Armada.

Queen Victoria reigned for 63 years. She supported charities, new her people. She technologies and inventions. She also increased the size and power of the British Empire. She was Prince Albert and had nine

children.

the monarch and the Head the Commonwealth for 70 years. She performed many royal duties, such as opening parliament and giving awards. She led the country's celebrations, supported charities, hosted state banquets and met world leaders.

Linked Science knowledge for the topic

- A material's physical properties make it suitable for particular purposes, such as glass for windows and brick for building walls. Many materials are used for more than one purpose, such as metal for cutlery and cars.
- Objects and materials can be looked at, compared and grouped according to their features.
- Some objects and materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting, stretching, heating, cooling, mixing and being left to decay.

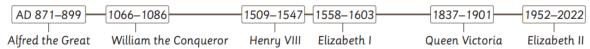
| Elizabeth II was

By the end of the topic we will be able to ...

Talk about the British monarchy from AD 871 to the present day. Be able to present your understanding of the monarchs and the significant sovereigns using timelines, portraits and other historical sources.

Timeline

A timeline shows important events in chronological order. This is a timeline of six significant sovereigns. The numbers represent the dates of their reigns.



Royal Portraits

Royal portraits show a monarch in the way they wish to be seen. The pose, objects, background, clothes and facial expression show the monarch's power and personality.



Elizabeth I's direct stare and straight back show that she is powerful and confident. The orb, sceptre and crown show her authority. The Tudor roses on her dress show that she is a Tudor monarch.



Charles I



Charles I is holding a baton and riding a horse. He is wearing armour but not a helmet. He is staring out of the picture, and his face is calm. This shows that he is a brave and strong warrior.

George III's crown shows his authority, and his robes display his wealth. The pillar represents strong leadership. He is staring into the distance, showing that he is quiet and thoughtful.



Buckingham Palace is in London, England.



Balmoral Castle is in Aberdeenshire, Scotland.



Osborne House is on the Isle of Wight, England.

Royal Residencies

Royal residencies include palaces, castles and stately homes. Some of them are used for official royal business. Some are used as holiday or private homes. Many are tourist attractions.

What is a Monarchy?

A monarchy is a country that has a king or queen as head of state. The king or queen is known as the manarch.

Monarchy in the United Kingdom

There have been over 60 monarchs since Alfred the Great in AD 871. Elizabeth II was the longest reigning British monarch until



Charles III

she died in 2022. The monarch today is Charles III.

Power of the monarchy



Edward I and the Model Parliament

The power of the monarchy has changed over time. In the past, some monarchs had absolute power. This meant that they could do whatever they wanted. Today, there is a constitutional monarchy. This means that the monarch is controlled by parliament

and the government.